

## RECRUITS LEAVE FOR WAR

Thirty, including some school boys, will go into Signal Corps and Non-Fighting Department.

That the military spirit is growing was very evident Monday morning when thirty recruits, including some who seemed mere boys, left Owosso to go into many different branches of the service of the United States army. They assembled at the postoffice, and led by the high school band marched to the Grand Trunk depot, leaving at 7 o'clock for Grand Rapids with the prayers and best wishes of relatives and friends extended to them. Some left Grand Rapids later in the day for Columbus, Ohio, and from there to Fort Thompson, Kentucky. Several of the boys were under age and had to have the consent of parents which in many cases would not have been given except for the continued determination of the boys to go. Others who wished to go failed to receive the necessary consent. Those who went with their probable assignment were:

Wayne Underwood, Ordnance Clerk.  
Wm F. Allen, Chauffeur.  
Howard F. Bentley, Chauffeur.  
Paul A. Bowman, Machinist.  
Clarence H. Brown, Watchmaker.  
Ordnance Department.  
Carl E. Clemens, Clerk.  
George D. Chatterton, Chauffeur.  
Hugh L. Caylor, Motorcyclist.  
George H. Craft, Painter.  
Carl J. Carmody, Chauffeur.  
Lawrence Caylor, Clerk.  
Amos J. Clark, Office Clerk Ordnance Dept.

George W. Sloat, Chauffeur.  
George Francisco, Bugler.  
Floyd L. Goodwin, Motorcyclist.  
Warren Hayt, Motorcyclist.  
Ray E. Jewell, Chauffeur.  
John Kasik, Chauffeur.  
Kenneth E. Lundie, Machine Helper.  
Gerald W. McTaggart, Clerk Ordnance Dept.

Mark McKenzie, Machinist Helper.  
Grant B. McClure, Clerk.  
Floyd V. Neff, Painter.  
George N. Ross, Motorcyclist.  
Louis F. Rableman, Chauffeur.  
Lawrence L. Schildman, Chauffeur.  
Earl B. Smith, Clerk.  
Melvin L. Tinkelpangh, Machine Helper.

Robert Thompson, Machine Helper.  
Ralph H. Tate, Clerk Ordnance Dept.  
Ivan E. Warren, Chauffeur.  
Carl G. Hinz, Acetylene Plumber.  
Wesley Nichols, Horseman.

Two of the young men were rejected at Grand Rapids, Geo. H. Craft and Ray E. Jewell because of physical defects, and two, Gerald McTaggart because of heart trouble, and Kenneth Lundie, because of under weight, may take another examination after treatment.

Six additional men enlisted this week, being Ernest Marble, Wallace and Ralph Burgess, Horace Jenkins, Lyle Coy and Larry Rhodes.

Two more of the men who left Monday have been rejected, Hugh Caylor and Wayne Underwood, and Lawrence Caylor is ill at a hospital in Richmond, Indiana.

### Draft Examinations.

The following young men in Class I of the draft passed physical examinations Tuesday and Wednesday:

Temple August Welton, Perry.  
Clair L. D. Wimbles, Bancroft.  
Warner Benjamin Waite, Owosso.  
Edwin Taylor, Owosso.  
Vern C. Tower, Byron.  
Paul George Tissot, Corunna.  
George W. Tillman, Byron.  
Joseph Walter Tanks, Corunna.  
Emil A. F. Weitzke, Owosso.  
Abbott R. Wiswell, Owosso.  
Frank Summers, New Lothrop.  
Clarence M. Yats, Owosso.  
Thomas F. Slingerland, Detroit.  
Jew Young, Durand.  
Phillip F. Holzausen, Corunna.  
Robert Edward Fall, Flushing.  
Clair Wilson, Durand.  
George L. DeWitt, Ovid.  
Earl Tanner, Owosso.

Roy A. Skutt, Carland.  
Jacob H. Weideman, Owosso.  
Raymond M. Kinney, Bancroft.  
Joseph Brown, Owosso.  
George Hugh Buns, Perry.  
Charles Henry Smith, Owosso.  
Walter E. Piddington, Carland.  
Howard L. Schuyler, Durand.  
Earl Broumley, Durand.  
George Frederick Spiegel, Owosso.  
George L. Miers, Owosso.  
Harry Rossmann, Owosso.  
Rudolph Carl Sanftleben, Owosso.  
Earl E. Sayer, East Lansing.  
Alfred A. Evans, Owosso.  
Arthur M. Winks, Henderson.  
Willard DeFrenn, Owosso.

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### Thrift Stamps.

Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps are on sale by practically all business houses everywhere, also by postmasters and rural carriers, city mail carriers, school teachers, banks, etc.

The government does not advise the buying of War Savings Stamps instead of the usual savings accounts but to buy them with money saved by some form of self-denial. The average saving of each individual in the United States is estimated at \$50 a year, and \$50 more could be saved through giving up the non-essentials and buying Thrift stamps, millions of dollars would be loaned to the government. Besides the money realized from the investment, a sacrifice of the non-essential would liberate labor and materials and materially aid along industrial lines.

### Schlaack-Rupp

The marriage of Miss Minnie, daughter of Mrs. Herman Schlaack of this city, to Charles Rupp of Lansing, was solemnized by Rev. Theo. Hahn at Salem's Lutheran church in this city Saturday evening. Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Schlaack attended the bride and groom.

After the ceremony a three-course supper was served to seventy-five guests at the bride's home, after which the couple left for Detroit, and will be at home for a time with the bride's mother on South Chipman street. The bride is employed as forelady at the Owosso Casket factory and the groom is a baker. Many friends extend congratulations.

### Death of Mrs. Anna S. Kohler.

Mrs. Anna S. Kohler, widow of Jacob Kohler, passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Phippen, on West Main street, Tuesday morning, following a long illness. The funeral was held Thursday from the home, Rev. B. G. Mattson officiating.

Mrs. Kohler was born in Germany 87 years ago, coming to America when a young lady, and had lived for sixty years on the same corner where she died, the land being thick woods at the time of her settlement here. Surviving are her daughter and one son, F. Edwin Kohler of this city.

### Elect Officers.

The second ward mothers' meeting was held Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Ross, corner of Oak and Williams streets. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President, Mrs. Rathburn; vice president, Mrs. Finch; secretary, Mrs. Grant; treasurer, Mrs. Warren. Flower superintendents, Mrs. Guile, Mrs. Ross, Mrs. Marsh, Mrs. Kenyon.

A pot-luck supper was served. The next meeting will be held with Mrs. Finch—Secretary.

### Selected Men Leave

Nine more selected men left for war from this county Tuesday, going to Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia. No send off was given the men as before as they requested no demonstration. Each man was presented with a bonewife and a lunch by the Red Cross, the five men from Durand were outfitted with sweaters, socks and helmets by Durand ladies and the others by the Patriotic Yarn League of Owosso. Monday the men were addressed by Mrs. C. O. Loring at the court house, and information for records of the men taken.

### PROMOTED TO MAJOR

Captain Harold A. Hume of this city, medical officer on the state war preparedness board at Lansing for several months, has been promoted to the rank of major in the national army, being one of the youngest officers of that rank in the service, being but 32 years old.

After organizing the 32nd regiment infirmery of the Michigan National Guard and serving on the Mexican border he was promoted to a captaincy and when the infirmery was transferred to Kalamazoo was retained on the state administration staff. Many friends extend congratulations on his promotion.

### HOWELL NAMED FIRE CHIEF

Captain William Howell of the West Side station has been named Chief of the Fire Department to succeed Clair Craig, resigned. He was in line for promotion, being senior captain and has been in the department since April, 1910. He is well regarded by all who know of the work of the department.

### LARGE ALIMONY AWARDED

Judge Collins has given Mrs. Dorothy Buhl, of Owosso, a divorce from Harry Buhl, of Detroit, and awarded her \$10,400 in cash and \$70 a month alimony, the alimony being a lien on property in Detroit until paid. Mrs. Buhl retains custody of their daughter.

### JAIL INSPECTORS' REPORT

The semi-annual inspection of the county jail was made by the county board of inspectors Friday morning. They report finding everything in fine condition. Three persons are now in the jail awaiting trial and four awaiting sentence. The only recommendation is that the cells should have better ventilation.

The total number of prisoners who have been confined at different times during the last six months is 79. Of this number all were men with the exception of one woman, who was in custody for receiving stolen property. The offenses and the number confined for each is as follows: Drunk and disorderly, 17; grand larceny, 10; violation of the local option law, 9; false pretense, 1; stealing ride on train, 1; vagrancy, 10; desertion, 2; violating game law, 4; violation of probation, 1; contempt of court, 2; jumping board bill, 3; larceny, 6; attempt to murder, 1; indecent liberties, 3; illegitimacy, 1; assault and battery, 1; non-support, 1; burglary, 1; breaking and entering, 2; forgery, 1; rape, 1.

Miss Emma Jennings left Friday for Brunswick, Georgia, called by the illness of her aunt, Mrs. George Jennings.

### Boy and Girl Poultry Clubs

The organization of a series of poultry clubs among the boys and girls of the state in rural and urban communities alike is one of the projects the Michigan Agricultural college is pushing this spring to increase the production of food, and incidentally to build up flocks of purebred poultry within the state. An appeal has been issued by the club department of M. A. C. to boys and girls in every village and town to join in this enterprise.

"All that is necessary to secure a beginning in this work in your community is for some individual to find six or ten boys and girls who would like to form a club and help Uncle Sam—and also themselves—by raising chickens," says a bulletin from M. A. C. "Then if this person will send in a request from these young people to the college (address Boys and Girls Club department, East Lansing) an organizer will be furnished who will form the boys and girls into an official club, and will instruct them on what they are to do next."

"As for the rules, they will be as follows:

"First—Every member must select a hatching and brooding project, an egg and meat production project, or a combination of the two.

"Third—The members choosing the hatching and brooding project must set at least three settings of eggs and rear the chicks. A large number of settings is especially recommended to members who can handle larger flocks, since this will bring about a greater production of poultry products—a matter of vital importance at this time.

"Fourth—The members selecting the egg and meat production project must feed and care for a flock of not less than ten chickens for a period of not less than four months. In this case larger flocks are also recommended where it is convenient to handle them.

"Fifth—All members are required to keep an accurate report of the costs of the business, income, expenditures, profits and so on.

"Sixth—The members selecting the hatching and brooding project are required to exhibit a pen of not less than three pullets and one cockerel, the exhibit to be accompanied by a complete report of the work.

"Seventh—The members selecting the egg and meat production project are required to exhibit one dozen eggs prepared for market, and a pen of not less than four hens and one cock, exhibit to be accompanied by a complete report."

The chief duties of the organizer, and the instructors who will follow him, will of course be to show how these things can be done—and in fact to start the youngsters in their enterprises.

### CITY OFFICES COMBINED

E. S. Brewer Appointed Engineer, Assessor and Plumbing Inspector at a Salary of \$2,000.

The city commission passed an ordinance, Tuesday, combining the offices of city engineer, city assessor and plumbing inspector, making the salary \$2,000 a year, and later elected Eugene S. Brewer to the position. He will devote his entire time to city offices, and will hire and pay from his salary any needed help.

Mr. Brewer is now conducting the Strand theatre and will turn the management over to his brother Lester Brewer and F. W. Rayen. There were several applicants for the position of assessor before the office was combined with the other positions.

Dr. C. B. Porter is in Toledo attending an eye, ear and nose clinic.

## 1,716,000,000 Pounds of Flour Saved

if each of our 22,000,000 families use this recipe instead of white bread.

One loaf saves 11,000,000 pounds; three loaves a week for a year means 1,716,000,000 pounds saved!

## Enough to Feed the Entire Allied Army

### Corn Bread with Rye Flour

1 cup corn meal	1 teaspoon salt
1 cup rye flour	1 cup milk
2 tablespoons sugar	1 egg
5 teaspoons Royal Baking Powder	2 tablespoons shortening

Barley flour or oat flour may be used instead of rye flour with equally good results. Sift dry ingredients into bowl; add milk, beaten egg and melted shortening. Stir well. Put into greased pan, allow to stand in warm place 20 to 25 minutes and bake in moderate oven 40 to 45 minutes.

Our new Red, White and Blue booklet, "Best War Time Recipes," containing many other recipes for making delicious and wholesome wheat saving foods, mailed free—address

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., Dept. H, 135 William St., New York

## FOOD WILL WIN THE WAR

### Washington Letter.

Washington, Mar. 5.—(Special correspondence)—Seldom is a measure more carefully reviewed and dissected than in the treatment given the railroad bill by Senator Charles E. Townsend of Michigan. Mr. Townsend took up the bill page by page, line by line, and word for word. The result of his analysis shows the folly of accepting without question measures that are prepared by the Executive Departments or the President himself, and sent to Congress for approval. In his review the Senator called attention to some of the crudest errors, involving mistakes in grammar, ambiguity of meaning, and contradictions between paragraphs, many of which would have been apparent to a school boy. Happily the changes made by the committee and the Senate acknowledge the soundness of many of Senator Townsend's criticisms, and the bill has been much improved over its original form.

Senator Harry S. New, of Indiana, believes that much time could be saved in the training of drafted men of the National Army if they could be called for service before they reach the age of 21. There is now pending in the Senate a resolution authorizing the President to register all men who have attained the age of 21 since registration day, June 5, 1917. Mr. New has given notice that he will seek to amend the resolution so that all men may be registered when they reach 19 years of age. Under Mr. New's proposal, however, they will not be called to active service until they have attained the age of 21. The intervening two years are to be utilized in military training in accordance with regulations to be prescribed by the President.

Query: What is a temporary office building? The public park of Washington, particularly the famous Mall reaching from the Capitol to the Washington Monument, are being filled rapidly with office buildings to accommodate the army of clerks that are pouring into the city to handle the war work of the Departments. All these structures are described in the bills authorizing their construction as "temporary office buildings." Those thus far built have wooden frames covered with board sheathing and an outer coating of plaster. Doubtless they can and will be removed after the conclusion of the war. But it is now proposed to build a "temporary" building on the Mall of reinforced concrete, three stories high and containing 270,000 square feet of floor space. To the layman such a structure has many elements of permanence. In order to preserve the vista of the Mall from obliteration for many years to come Senator Jacob H. Gallinger of New Hampshire, Republican leader of the Senate, will endeavor to secure the adoption of an amendment providing that within two years after the war the buildings shall be removed and the land become a part of the United States Botanic Garden, which now is located in the immediate vicinity.

With first hand information on actual manufacturing figures Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., of New York has just returned from a trip to the Savage Arms Company of Utica, the makers of the Lewis machine gun. He finds that the plant now is turning out 100 of the guns each day. Mr. Wadsworth insists such a rate of production could have been reached much earlier in the war had not orders from the War Department at Washington been delayed for weeks while discussions were in

progress as to the proper type of machine gun for the Army.

If Secretary of the Interior Lane would pursue his facts and arguments to their logical conclusion, he would become a pronounced advocate of a protective tariff. In a statement recently given to the press he says that "development of American mines would supply 2,000,000 tons of minerals now imported and allow the vessels to carry additional food and supplies to our army in France."

Among the minerals we could produce, he mentions nitrate, sulphur, manganese, tin, graphite, mercury, potash, tungsten, antimony, chromite, magnesite and mica. "American mines can produce all of these minerals, providing they are given the necessary assistance of the government."

"Assistance of the government!" Of course the Democratic method is an appropriation from the treasury. The Republican method has always been an import duty which would cover the difference in cost of production here and abroad. Republicans have never asked for a prohibitory tariff, but one sufficient to place the American producer on an equality with the foreign competitor who has the advantage of lower wages.

But the Republicans do not confine their encouragement of home production to minerals nor to war times. We believe that America should be at all times as nearly independent industrially as it is possible for her to be, so that when war does come we shall not be embarrassed as we were in 1914. Mr. Lane's only point is the saving of ship space. Republicans go much farther and advocate home production because by that means we not only save the ocean freight but we keep the money in this country to pay American laborers, who, in turn, spend the money in the purchase of the products of other American workmen. We believe in keeping the dollar in America, where it will change hands ten or twelve times a year, thus putting ten dollars of activity into American business for every dollar spent here instead of abroad.

Mr. Lane takes the Republican view to a considerable extent when he intimates that new mining industries now developed may have difficulty in surviving "after war conditions." Republicans do not limit their concern to mining. We are apprehensive regarding the after-war status of our new dye industry, and we fear that when the war is over we shall have a recurrence of that disastrous foreign competition of 1913-14, unless the protective tariff shall be restored.

Secretary Lane has in him the makings of a good Republican. He believes in home production of some things during the emergency of war. He believes in the assistance of the government in promoting home production of those things. Now if he could only extend his vision so that he would advocate home production of everything practicable in either war or peace, and broaden his "assistance of the government" so that it would include legislation establishing an import duty at least equal to the difference in cost of production here and abroad, we should gladly welcome him to the ranks of the G. O. P. He has been a somewhat lonesome figure in the company he is now in, and belongs among constructive statesmen.

Senator Ollie James, of Kentucky, expresses deep concern over criticisms of the administration, which he describes as "shaking the rope" over which the President is trying. Blon-din-like, to carry the country. He is too dense to see that instead of shak-

ing the rope, many of these critics have been trying to dislodge some unwise advisors of the President who were about to cut the rope through incompetence.

### ELKS SHOW THEIR PATRIOTISM.

Raise \$108 at Social Session and Turn Over \$183 from Olivet Glee Club Entertainment—Officers Elected.

Owosso Lodge No. 753 Elks held a meeting and social session Tuesday, when it initiated four candidates, elected officers, raised \$108 for the Red Cross and heard the farewell of Past Exalted Ruler M. J. Phillips, who will go to France soon as a captain in the signal corps.

The largest crowd that had attended an Elks' session in months was present.

Dr. F. S. Fritz was elected exalted ruler, succeeding G. F. Friegel. The other officers chosen were:

Esteemed Leading Knight—John R. Murray.

Esteemed Loyal Knight—B. L. Ax-ford.

Esteemed Lecturing Knight—Harold Lyon.

Secretary—E. H. Stanard.

Treasurer—G. L. Taylor.

Trustee for three years—A. H. Northway.

Tyler—C. J. McNally.

Representative to Grand Lodge—Past Exalted Ruler G. F. Friegel.

Alternate—Past Exalted Ruler J. H. Collins.

The ritualistic work in the initiation was exemplified by past exalted rulers, with Capt. Phillips as exalted ruler. The others were N. R. Walsh, Charles Ellis, James G. Rigley, Judge J. H. Collins and George C. Reineke.

Following the initiatory work Past Exalted Ruler Friegel presented Captain Phillips with a beautiful basket of roses as a token of the esteem of the lodge. Captain Phillips responded feelingly.

Luncheon followed the initiatory work and Warren Vredenberg entertained the brothers with stories. An Elks' pin set with three small diamonds was auctioned off, and sold to James H. Laverock, the highest bidder, at \$17, the money to go to the Red Cross. Everyone present donated 50 cents, and this, with the \$17 from Mr. Laverock, made \$83. It was suggested that it be made a hundred dollars and quickly it was brought up to \$108.

It was also announced that a home talent play under the direction of E. C. Rexford, would be put on by the lodge in the near future for the Red Cross.

### Reorganize State Troops.

The Home Guard companies of the state are now being reorganized and made a part of the Michigan State Troops which has an official standing as did the National Guard, but will be for state service only.

Under the new management Owosso Company No. 23 will continue with Seth Q. Palmer as captain, Earl White-hearse and Seth E. Beers as lieutenants, and will be recruited to 60 men, forty-two being privates, two cooks, two buglers, one mechanic, one first sergeant, one mess sergeant, one supply sergeant, four sergeants, six corporals. Men from 18 to 31, men from 31 to 40 are wanted. Lieut. Beers will be at the armory Monday evenings to secure enlistments.